

XXVII. *A Table of the Places of the Comet of 1764 discovered at the Observatory of the Marine at Paris, the 3d of January, about 8 o'clock in the Evening, in the Constellation of the Dragon, concluded from its Situation observed with regard to the Stars: By Monsieur Charles Meffier, Astronomer at the Depot of the Plans of the Marine of France, at Paris.*

Read May 17, 1764.

1764		Truetime.	mean time	R. ascension observed.	Northern declination observ.	Longitude observed.	Northern latitude observed.		
	h	'	"	h	'	"	°	'	"
Jan. 3.	9	24	33	9	29	9	236	29	16
	15	5	4	15	9	47	239	45	31
	18	48	55	18	53	42	241	56	1
10	16	10	39	16	18	28	305	57	17
	18	33	53	18	41	44	306	22	2
11	6	43	27	6	51	31	308	14	21
	7	30	54	7	38	59	308	20	17
14	18	28	33	18	36	48	309	50	42
	17	7	58	17	17	22	316	59	44
15	5	43	14	5	52	48	317	53	29
	7	13	15	7	22	51	317	59	44
16	6	35	19	6	45	15	319	28	52
	7	26	11	7	35	58	319	32	37
18	5	40	32	5	51	8	321	52	36
	7	4	45	7	15	22	321	56	21
19	7	42	8	7	53	4	322	57	8
	6	50	20	6	1	34	323	46	38
22	5	49	50	5	23	4	325	10	22
	6	11	16	6	2	3	325	10	22
29	5	50	59	5	4	23	328	9	59
	6	2	52	6	16	28	328	23	44
Feb. 4	5	57	53	5	12	8	329	17	41
	6	30	23	6	44	54	329	33	51
7	6	16	20	6	30	54	329	39	35
	6	14	49	6	29	28	329	41	27

I have the honour to send you likewise the elements of the theory of this comet, which monsieur Pingré has deduced from my first observations, as follows.

The ascending node $\Omega$	—	—	3	29	20	6
Inclination	—	—	53	54	19	
Place of perihelium	—	—	16	11	48	
Logarithm of the distance of the perihelium	9.751415.					
Passage by the perihelium	12 February at 10 <sup>h</sup> 29' mean time in the meridian of Paris. The motion retrograde.					

